LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

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FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 6683 NOTE PREPARED: Dec 20, 2006

BILL NUMBER: HB 1081 BILL AMENDED:

SUBJECT: Fire Protection Agreements.

FIRST AUTHOR: Rep. Tincher

BILL STATUS: As Introduced

FIRST SPONSOR:

FUNDS AFFECTED: GENERAL IMPACT: Local

DEDICATED FEDERAL

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> The bill provides that a city, town, county, or township that wants to discontinue providing its own fire protection services may contract with a provider for fire protection services only if the provider has an Insurance Service Office (ISO) Public Protection Classification (PPC) that is higher than the classification of the city, town, county, or township.

Effective Date: July 1, 2007.

Explanation of State Expenditures:

Explanation of State Revenues:

Explanation of Local Expenditures: *Summary*- If a political subdivision were to discontinue their fire protection service under the provisions of the bill, the discontinuing subdivision could potentially reduce fire protection service expenditures if a qualified provider could supply such services at a lower cost. However, the qualified provider may require additional fire protection expenditures if their service area increased.

Background Information- ISO evaluates a political subdivision's fire protection capabilities and assigns the political subdivision a PPC rating. The PPC is a numerical rating on a scale of 1 to 10. A PPC of 1 indicates the highest level of fire suppression capability. A classification of 10 is equated to no suppression capability. If a community's fire department also has rural jurisdiction, ISO assigns two classifications. One is for the department's urban suppression capabilities, and the other classification is for the unit's rural capabilities. ISO evaluates a community's level of firefighting capability using their Fire Suppression Rating Schedule. The schedule rates the following three main categories of fire suppression based on level of importance:

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engine companies (50%), water supply (40%), and fire alarms (10%).

Insurance companies use the ISO rating to determine premiums. The PPC helps to determine the amount a principal place of residence will pay for the fire protection portion of homeowners insurance.

A small survey of Indiana fire departments that have both an urban and rural PPC indicates that the urban PPC is usually lower than the rural PPC.

Explanation of Local Revenues:

State Agencies Affected:

<u>Local Agencies Affected:</u> Cities, towns, counties, and townships.

Information Sources: Insurance Services Office, Inc., www.iso.com.

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